

Lösungen (Negative Zahlen)

①

Aufg 1

$$1) 6 - 5 - 8 = -7$$

$$2) -3 + 2 + (-9) = -3 + 2 - 9 = -10$$

$$3) 10 - (-6) + 3 - (-2) = 10 + 6 + 3 + 2 = 21$$

$$4) -(-1) - 7 + 12 = 1 - 7 + 12 = 6$$

$$5) -8 - 2 + (-3) + 1 = -8 - 2 - 3 + 1 = -12$$

$$6) (-5) - (-13) + (-8) = -5 + 13 - 8 = 0$$

$$7) 20 + (-9) - (+12) = 20 - 9 - 12 = -1$$

$$8) (+6) - (+1) + (-15) = 6 - 1 - 15 = -10$$

$$9) -(+7) + (-4) - (-6) - 3 = -7 - 4 + 6 - 3 = -8$$

$$10) 0 - (-8) + (-10) - 2 = 8 - 10 - 2 = -4$$

Aufg 2

$$1) -5 \cdot 3 + 9 = -15 + 9 = -6$$

$$2) (-2) \cdot 7 - 1 = -14 - 1 = -15$$

$$3) 2 - 6 \cdot 3 + 10 = 2 - 18 + 10 = -6$$

$$4) -5(-6) + 3(-7) = 30 - 21 = 9$$

$$5) (-3)(-4) - (-2) \cdot 6 = 12 + 12 = 24$$

$$6) -(-9)(-3) - 2(-7) = -27 + 14 = -13$$

$$7) -(-2)(-3) \cdot 4 - (-1)(-7) = -24 - 7 = -31$$

$$8) 6 - (-2)(-4)(-3)(-1) + (-1)(-5) = 6 - 24 - 5 = -23 \quad \textcircled{2}$$

$$9) 4(-3) + (-5)^2 - 4^2 = -12 + 25 - 16 = -3$$

$$10) (-3)^2(-4) - (-2) \cdot 6 = 9(-4) + 12 = -36 + 12 = -24$$

Aufg 3

$$1) 3(7-9) - (-6+5) = 3(-2) - (-1) = -6 + 1 = -5$$

$$2) -4(5+2(-3)) + (-7) \cdot 3 = -4(5-6) - 21 = -4(-1) - 21 \\ = 4 - 21 = -17$$

$$3) (-3)(-8 - (-3)(-4)) - (3 + (-2) \cdot 5) = (-3)(-8 - 12) - (3 - 10) \\ = (-3)(-20) - (-7) = 60 + 7 = 67$$

$$4) (-3 \cdot 2 + 4)(-(-4 \cdot 6)) = (-6 + 4)(24) = (-2) \cdot 24 = -48$$

$$5) (- (3-5)^2 + (-5)^2)(-(-3)^2 + 7) = (-(-2)^2 + 25)(-9 + 7) \\ = (-4 + 25)(-2) = 21(-2) = -42$$

$$6) -(-(-4+3)(2-3) + (-2))^3 = -(-(-1)(-1) - 2)^3 = -(1-2)^3 = -(-1)^3 \\ = -(-1) = 1$$

$$7) (- (5-7)(-2) + 1)(1 - (-1)(-2)) = (-(-2)(-2) + 1)(1 - 2) \\ = (-4 + 1)(-1) = (-3)(-1) = 3$$

$$8) (1-7)^3 - 2)^3 (2 - (-2)^2) = (-1-2)^3 (2-4) = (-3)^3 (-2) = -27(-2) \\ = 54$$

$$9) (-(-1)(-2) - 1)(2(3-4) + 1)(6 - 4 \cdot 2) = (-2-1)(2(-1) + 1)(6-8) \\ = (-3)(-2+1)(-2) = (-3)(-1)(-2) = -6$$

$$10) \underbrace{-(-1)}_{=1} (-(-2+1) - (-1)^3) = -(-1) - (-1) = 1 + 1 = 2$$

Aufg 4 (Brüche kürzen)

$$1) \frac{6}{15} = \frac{2 \cdot \cancel{3}}{5 \cdot \cancel{3}} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$2) \frac{28}{21} = \frac{4 \cdot \cancel{7}}{3 \cdot \cancel{7}} = \frac{4}{3} = 1 \frac{1}{3}$$

$$3) \frac{40}{35} = \frac{8 \cdot \cancel{5}}{7 \cdot \cancel{5}} = \frac{8}{7} = 1 \frac{1}{7}$$

$$4) \frac{36}{45} = \frac{4 \cdot \cancel{9}}{5 \cdot \cancel{9}} = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$5) \frac{26}{39} = \frac{2 \cdot \cancel{13}}{3 \cdot \cancel{13}} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$6) \frac{\cancel{4}2}{\cancel{5}4} = \frac{7 \cdot \cancel{6}}{9 \cdot \cancel{6}} = \frac{7}{9}$$

$$7) \frac{15 \cancel{a} b}{21 \cancel{c} d} = \frac{5 \cdot \cancel{3} b}{7 \cdot \cancel{3} c d} = \frac{5b}{7cd}$$

$$8) \frac{18 \cancel{x}^1 \cancel{y}^1 a}{14 \cancel{y}^1 \cancel{z}^1 x} = \frac{9 \cdot \cancel{2} x a}{7 \cdot \cancel{2} y} = \frac{9xa}{7y}$$

$$9) \frac{14 \cancel{a}^1 \cancel{x}^2 \cancel{m}^3}{42 \cancel{a}^3 \cancel{x}^3 \cancel{y}^2 \cancel{m}^1} = \frac{\cancel{14} a m^2}{3 \cdot \cancel{14} x^3 y} = \frac{a m^2}{3x^3 y}$$

$$10) \frac{18 \cancel{p} (x-3) \cancel{a}^2 \cancel{a}^2}{15 \cancel{a} x \cancel{p}^2 (x-3)} = \frac{6 \cdot \cancel{3} (x-3) a^4}{5 \cdot \cancel{3} x p} = \frac{6(x-3)a^4}{5xp}$$

$$11) \frac{24r^{2\cancel{3}}(a^2-b)\cancel{m}}{27(a^2-b)^{\cancel{1}2}r^{\cancel{1}2}m^{\cancel{1}2}} = \frac{8\cancel{3}r^2}{9\cancel{3}(a^2-b)m} = \frac{8r^2}{9(a^2-b)m}$$

$$12) \frac{9x^{\cancel{2}3}(-y)(a+mb)}{6(a+mb)^{\cancel{1}2}x(-y)} = \frac{3\cancel{3}x^2}{2\cancel{3}(a+mb)^2} = \frac{3x^2}{2(a+mb)^2}$$

$$13) \frac{12(x-y)(ab)^3x^2}{30x^4(y-x)ba} = \frac{2\cancel{6}(x-y)a^{\cancel{2}3}b^{\cancel{3}3}x^2}{-5\cancel{6}x^{\cancel{4}4}(x-y)ba} = -\frac{2a^2b^2}{5x^2}$$

beachte: $y-x = -(x-y)$ *)

$$14) \frac{16(-x)a^2b^{\cancel{3}3}(c-y)^2}{24a^{\cancel{1}2}(c-y)^{\cancel{1}2}xb^2} = \frac{-2\cancel{8}xb^3}{3\cancel{8}a(c-y)x} = -\frac{2b^3}{3a(c-y)}$$

beachte: $16(-x) = -16x$

$$15) \frac{24(b-a)^{\cancel{2}2}x^{\cancel{2}2}a^3}{36(a-b)^3x^{\cancel{2}2}b} = \frac{2\cancel{12}(a-b)^2a^3}{3\cancel{12}(a-b)^3x^2b} = \frac{2a^3}{3(a-b)x^2b}$$

beachte: $(b-a)^2 = (a-b)^2$ *)

*) $-(x-y) = -x+y = y-x$

$$(b-a)^2 = (-1(a-b))^2 = (-1)^2(a-b)^2 = (a-b)^2$$

Aufg 5 (Brüche erweitern)

5

1) $\frac{3}{5} = \frac{?}{15}$; $15:5=3 \Rightarrow$ erweitern mit 3

$$\frac{3}{5} = \frac{3 \cdot 3}{5 \cdot 3} = \frac{9}{15}$$

2) $\frac{7}{8} = \frac{?}{24}$; $24:8=3 \Rightarrow$ erweitern mit 3

$$\frac{7}{8} = \frac{7 \cdot 3}{8 \cdot 3} = \frac{21}{24}$$

3) $\frac{4}{7} = \frac{?}{35}$; $35:7=5 \Rightarrow$ erweitern mit 5

$$\frac{4}{7} = \frac{4 \cdot 5}{7 \cdot 5} = \frac{20}{35}$$

4) $3 = \frac{?}{7} \Leftrightarrow \frac{3}{1} = \frac{?}{7} \Rightarrow$ erweitern mit 7

$$3 = \frac{3}{1} = \frac{3 \cdot 7}{1 \cdot 7} = \frac{21}{7}$$

5) $\frac{6}{5} = \frac{?}{40}$; $40:5=8 \Rightarrow$ erweitern mit 8

$$\frac{6}{5} = \frac{6 \cdot 8}{5 \cdot 8} = \frac{48}{40}$$

6) $\frac{4}{6} = \frac{?}{42}$; $42:6=7 \Rightarrow$ erweitern mit 7

$$\frac{4}{6} = \frac{4 \cdot 7}{6 \cdot 7} = \frac{28}{42}$$

7) $\frac{3a}{9} = \frac{?}{27b}$; $27b : 9 = 3b \Rightarrow$ erweitere mit $3b$

$$\frac{3a}{9} = \frac{3a \cdot 3b}{9 \cdot 3b} = \frac{9ab}{27b}$$

8) $\frac{2xy^2}{5a} = \frac{?}{35ax}$; $35ax : 5a = 7x$

$$\frac{2xy^2}{5a} = \frac{2xy^2 \cdot 7x}{5a \cdot 7x} = \frac{14x^2y^2}{35ax}$$

9) $\frac{7a^2xy}{6m} = \frac{?}{18m^2x}$; $18m^2x : 6m = 3mx$

$$\frac{7a^2xy}{6m} = \frac{7a^2xy \cdot 3mx}{6m \cdot 3mx} = \frac{21a^2x^2ym}{18m^2x}$$

10) $x = \frac{?}{4x} \Leftrightarrow \frac{x}{1} = \frac{?}{4x} \Rightarrow$ mit $4x$ erweitem!

$$x = \frac{x}{1} = \frac{x \cdot 4x}{1 \cdot 4x} = \frac{4x^2}{4x}$$

11) $xy = \frac{?}{3x^2ab} \Rightarrow$ mit $3x^2ab$ erweitem

$$xy = \frac{xy}{1} = \frac{xy \cdot 3x^2ab}{1 \cdot 3x^2ab} = \frac{3x^3yab}{3x^2ab}$$

12) $\frac{4pa}{7x} = \frac{?}{42a^2xp}$; $42a^2xp : 7x = 6a^2p$

$$\frac{4pa}{7x} = \frac{4pa \cdot 6a^2p}{7x \cdot 6a^2p} = \frac{24p^2a^3}{42a^2xp}$$

13) $\frac{8xy^3}{9a(x-y)} = \frac{?}{54a^3(x-y)^2}$; $\frac{6a^2(x-y)^2}{9a(x-y)} = 6a^2(x-y)$

$$\frac{8xy^3}{9a(x-y)} = \frac{8xy^3 \cdot 6a^2(x-y)}{9a(x-y) \cdot 6a^2(x-y)} = \frac{48xy^3a^2(x-y)}{54a^3(x-y)^2}$$

14) $\frac{5x}{-a} = \frac{?}{2ab}$; $2ab : (-a) = -2b$

$$\frac{5x}{-a} = \frac{5x \cdot (-2b)}{-a \cdot (-2b)} = \frac{-10bx}{2ab} \left(= -\frac{10bx}{2ab} \right)$$

15) $\frac{4ym^2}{a-b} = \frac{?}{7m(b-a)}$; $\frac{7m(b-a)}{a-b} = \frac{-7m(a-b)}{a-b} = -7m$

$$\frac{4ym^2}{a-b} = \frac{4ym^2 \cdot (-7m)}{(a-b) \cdot (-7m)} = \frac{-28ym^3}{7m(b-a)}$$

beachte: $b-a = -(a-b)$

Aufg 6 (Brüche multiplizieren)

8

$$1) \left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) \cdot \frac{5}{7} = -\frac{3 \cdot 5}{4 \cdot 7} = -\frac{15}{28}$$

$$2) \frac{2}{9} \left(-\frac{4}{5}\right) = -\frac{2 \cdot 4}{9 \cdot 5} = -\frac{8}{45}$$

$$3) \frac{\cancel{1}}{6} \cdot \frac{7}{\cancel{4}} = \frac{1 \cdot 7}{6 \cdot 4} = \frac{7}{24}$$

$$4) \left(-\frac{2}{7}\right) \left(-\frac{3}{5}\right) = \frac{2 \cdot 3}{7 \cdot 5} = \frac{6}{35}$$

$$5) 3 \cdot \frac{4}{7} = \frac{3}{1} \cdot \frac{4}{7} = \frac{3 \cdot 4}{1 \cdot 7} = \frac{12}{7} = 1\frac{5}{7}$$

$$6) 4 \cdot \frac{2}{9} \cdot \frac{1}{7} = \frac{4}{1} \cdot \frac{2}{9} \cdot \frac{1}{7} = \frac{4 \cdot 2 \cdot 1}{1 \cdot 9 \cdot 7} = \frac{8}{63}$$

$$7) \frac{2a}{5x^2} \cdot \frac{3b^2}{7y} = \frac{2a \cdot 3b^2}{5x^2 \cdot 7y} = \frac{6ab^2}{35x^2y}$$

$$8) m \cdot \frac{5x}{2y} \cdot \frac{a^2}{b} = \frac{m}{1} \cdot \frac{5x}{2y} \cdot \frac{a^2}{b} = \frac{m \cdot 5x \cdot a^2}{1 \cdot 2y \cdot b} = \frac{5a^2mx}{2by}$$

$$9) (-5) \cdot \frac{\cancel{3}}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{\cancel{7}} = -\frac{5}{1} \cdot \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{7} = -\frac{15}{28}$$

$$10) \frac{x}{a-b} \cdot \frac{3y}{b-a} = \frac{x \cdot 3y}{(a-b)(b-a)} = \frac{3xy}{-(a-b)(a-b)} = -\frac{3xy}{(a-b)^2}$$

beachte $b-a = -(a-b)$

$$11) \frac{2}{x} \cdot \frac{5x}{3} = \frac{2 \cdot 5x}{x \cdot 3} = \frac{10}{3} = 3 \frac{1}{3}$$

9

$$12) \frac{4x}{3(m-n)} \cdot \frac{2}{5x^2y} = \frac{8}{5xy}$$

$$13) \frac{5m}{2(x-y)} \cdot \frac{2}{3a^2m} = \frac{10(y-x)}{3a^2(x-y)} = -\frac{10(x-y)}{3a^2(x-y)} = -\frac{10}{3a^2}$$

$$14) \frac{21}{70} \cdot \frac{10}{7} = 3$$

$$15) \frac{12}{18} \cdot \frac{63}{4} = \frac{3 \cdot 4}{2 \cdot 3} \cdot \frac{3 \cdot 7}{4} = \frac{21}{2} = 10 \frac{1}{2}$$

Aufg 7: (Brüche dividieren)

$$1) \frac{3}{7} : \frac{4}{5} = \frac{3}{7} \cdot \frac{5}{4} = \frac{15}{28}$$

$$2) \frac{5x^2}{6a} : \frac{20xy}{3a^2} = \frac{5x^2}{20a} \cdot \frac{3a^2}{4xy} = \frac{ax}{8y}$$

$$3) \frac{4mp^3}{9ab} : \frac{8a}{3b^2} = \frac{4mp^3}{9ab} \cdot \frac{3b^2}{8a} = \frac{mbp^3}{6a^2}$$

$$4) \frac{72a^2bx}{7ym} : \frac{6ax^2}{35(-y)} = \frac{72a^2bx}{7ym} \cdot \frac{35(-y)}{6ax^2} = -\frac{60a^2b}{mx}$$

$$5) \frac{25(x-7)f}{16p^2x} : \frac{15f^2(1-x)}{8x^2p} = \frac{5 \cdot 5(x-7)f}{16p^2x} \cdot \frac{8x^2p}{-3x^2f(1-x)} = -\frac{5x}{6pf}$$

$$6) \frac{48r(t-2)^2}{10a^3(b-a)} : \frac{42(2-t)}{5(a-b)^3a^2} = \frac{\cancel{6} \cdot 8r(2-t)^2}{\cancel{10} a^3 (a-b)} \cdot \frac{5(a-b)^3 \cancel{a^2}}{\cancel{6} \cdot 7(2-t)}$$

$$= \frac{8r(2-t)(a-b)^2}{-2a \cdot 7} = \frac{4r(t-2)(a-b)^2}{7a} \quad (10)$$

↑

beachte: $\frac{2-t}{-1} = t-2$

$$7) \frac{30(-a)^3 b^2}{27x^2(m-n)} : \frac{20a^2}{56(n-m)^2} = \frac{\cancel{10} \cdot 3 \cdot \cancel{a^3} b^2}{\cancel{27} x^2 (m-n)} \cdot \frac{\cancel{7} \cdot 8(n-m)^2}{\cancel{20} a^2}$$

$$= \frac{-\cancel{10} \cdot 2 a b^2 (m-n)}{\cancel{8} x^2} = \frac{4ab^2(n-m)}{x^2}$$

$$8) \frac{49 \cdot 2ap^4}{15 \cdot 9(-r+s)} : \frac{7 \cdot 4p^3}{9(r-s)} = \frac{\cancel{49} \cdot 2ap^4}{15 \cdot 9(s-r)} \cdot \frac{9(r-s)}{\cancel{7} \cdot \cancel{4} p^3}$$

$$= \frac{7ap(r-s)}{30(s-r)} = -\frac{7ap(r-s)}{30(r-s)} = -\frac{7ap}{30}$$

$$9) 4x^2ap^3 : \frac{6x^2pa^3}{5(p-a)} = \frac{\cancel{4} x^2 a p^3}{1} \cdot \frac{5(p-a)}{\cancel{6} x^2 p a^3}$$

$$= \frac{10p^2(p-a)}{3a^2}$$

$$10) \frac{18l^4 n^3 (n-1)}{10ax} : (12(n-1)l) = \frac{\cancel{18} l^4 n^3 (n-1)}{\cancel{10} ax} \cdot \frac{1}{\cancel{12} (n-1)}$$

$$= \frac{3l^3 n^3}{5 \cdot \cancel{2} ax} = \frac{3l^3 n^3}{20ax}$$

$$11) \frac{5t^3a}{7x^2} : \frac{15ta^2}{14x^3b} : \frac{2tx}{b} = \frac{5t^3a}{7x^2} \cdot \frac{14x^3b}{15ta^2} \cdot \frac{b}{2tx}$$

$$= \frac{5 \cdot 14 t^3 a x^3 b^2}{14 \cdot 15 x^2 b^2 t^2 a^2} = \frac{tx}{3a}$$

$$12) \frac{x^2}{a} : \frac{x}{a^3b : x} = \frac{x^2}{a} : \left(x : \frac{a^3b}{x} \right)$$

$$= \frac{x^2}{a} : \left(\frac{x}{a^3b} \cdot \frac{x}{x} \right) = \frac{x^2}{a} : \frac{x^2}{a^3b} = \frac{x^2}{a} \cdot \frac{a^3b}{x^2}$$

$$= a^2b$$

Aufg 8: (Addieren und Subtrahieren von Brüchen)

$$1) \frac{3}{4} + \frac{2}{5} = \frac{3 \cdot 5}{4 \cdot 5} + \frac{2 \cdot 4}{5 \cdot 4} = \frac{15}{20} + \frac{8}{20} = \frac{23}{20} = 1 \frac{3}{20}$$

$$2) \frac{2}{7} + \frac{5}{14} = \frac{2 \cdot 2}{7 \cdot 2} + \frac{5}{14} = \frac{4}{14} + \frac{5}{14} = \frac{9}{14}$$

$$3) \frac{7}{21} + \frac{4}{3} = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{4}{3} = \frac{5}{3} = 1 \frac{2}{3}$$

$$4) \frac{5}{6} + \frac{3}{8} = \frac{5 \cdot 4}{24} + \frac{3 \cdot 3}{24} = \frac{20}{24} + \frac{9}{24} = \frac{29}{24} = 1 \frac{5}{24}$$

$$5) \frac{3}{10} - \frac{2}{15} = \frac{3 \cdot 3 - 2 \cdot 2}{30} = \frac{9 - 4}{30} = \frac{5}{30} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$6) \frac{5}{6} - \frac{3}{14} = \frac{5 \cdot 7 - 3 \cdot 3}{42} = \frac{35 - 9}{42} = \frac{26}{42} = \frac{13}{21}$$

$$7) \frac{5}{12} - \frac{7}{18} = \frac{5 \cdot 3 - 7 \cdot 2}{36} = \frac{15 - 14}{36} = \frac{1}{36}$$

(12)

$$8) -\frac{1}{6} + \frac{4}{9} = \frac{-1 \cdot 3 + 4 \cdot 2}{18} = \frac{-3 + 8}{18} = \frac{5}{18}$$

$$9) 3 + \frac{2}{7} = \frac{21}{7} + \frac{2}{7} = \frac{23}{7}$$

$$10) 1 - \frac{4}{5x} = \frac{5x}{5x} - \frac{4}{5x} = \frac{5x - 4}{5x}$$

$$11) \frac{7}{12a} + \frac{4}{15b} = \frac{7 \cdot 5b + 4 \cdot 4a}{60ab} = \frac{16a + 35b}{60ab}$$

$$12) \frac{5}{8a^2} - \frac{1}{12a} = \frac{5 \cdot 3 - 1 \cdot 2a}{24a^2} = \frac{15 - 2a}{24a^2}$$

$$13) \frac{3}{4x^2y} - \frac{5}{6xy^3} = \frac{3 \cdot 3y^2 - 5 \cdot 2x}{12x^2y^3} = \frac{9y^2 - 10x}{12x^2y^3}$$

$$14) -\frac{3}{14xy} - \frac{4}{21x} = \frac{-3 \cdot 3 - 4 \cdot 2y}{42xy} = \frac{-9 - 8y}{42xy}$$

$$15) \frac{7}{10m^2x} - \frac{5}{12my} = \frac{7 \cdot 6y - 5 \cdot 5mx}{60m^2xy} = \frac{42y - 25mx}{60m^2xy}$$

$$16) \frac{2}{9(a-b)x^2} + \frac{7}{12ax} = \frac{2 \cdot 4a + 7 \cdot 3x(a-b)}{36ax^2(a-b)}$$
$$= \frac{8a + 21x(a-b)}{36ax^2(a-b)}$$

A79

(13)

$$1) - \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{6}{7}\right) = -\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{6}{7} = -\frac{2}{7}$$

$$2) \left(\frac{5}{-9} + \frac{1}{3}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{6}{7}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{5-3}{-9} \cdot \frac{6}{7} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{-9} \cdot \frac{3}{7} \\ = -\frac{2}{21}$$

$$3) \left(-\frac{2}{5}\right) : \left(\frac{-4}{7}\right) = -\frac{2}{5} \cdot \left(-\frac{7}{4}\right) = \frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{7}{4} = \frac{7}{10}$$

$$4) \left(\frac{1}{5} - \frac{2}{3}\right) : \left(-\frac{7}{20}\right) = \frac{3-10}{15} \cdot \left(-\frac{20}{7}\right) \\ = -\frac{7}{15} \cdot \left(-\frac{20}{7}\right) = \frac{20}{15} = \frac{4}{3} = 1\frac{1}{3}$$

$$5) - \left(-\frac{7}{4}\right) \left(-\frac{4}{5}\right) \cdot (-5) = \frac{7}{4} \cdot \frac{4}{5} \cdot \frac{5}{1} = 7$$

$$6) \left(\frac{2}{7} - \frac{-1}{5}\right) : \left(-\frac{5}{3}\right) = \frac{6+7}{21} \cdot \left(-\frac{3}{5}\right) = -\frac{13}{21} \cdot \frac{3}{5} \\ = -\frac{13}{35}$$

$$7) - \left(1 - \frac{1}{8}\right) \left(\frac{1}{4} - 1\right) : \left(-\frac{7}{16}\right) = - \left(\frac{8}{8} - \frac{1}{8}\right) \left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{4}{4}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{16}{7}\right) \\ = -\frac{7}{8} \left(-\frac{3}{4}\right) \left(-\frac{16}{7}\right) = -\frac{7}{8} \cdot \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{16}{7} = -\frac{3 \cdot 4}{8} \\ = -\frac{3}{2} = -1\frac{1}{2}$$

$$8) \left(\frac{-2}{\frac{3}{5}} : \frac{5}{6}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{1}{-7}\right) = \left(\frac{-2}{1} : \frac{3}{5} : \frac{5}{6}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{7}\right) \\ = -\frac{2}{1} \cdot \left(-\frac{5}{3}\right) \cdot \frac{6}{5} \left(-\frac{1}{7}\right) = -\frac{2}{1} \cdot \frac{5}{3} \cdot \frac{6}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{7} = -\frac{4}{7}$$

$$9) -\left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{15}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{20}{3}\right) = -\frac{5+4}{60} \cdot \left(-\frac{20}{3}\right)$$

$$= \frac{\cancel{8^3}}{60} \cdot \frac{20}{\cancel{3}} = \frac{3}{3} = 1$$

(14)

$$10) \left(\frac{1}{15} - \frac{3}{10}\right) : \left(\frac{7}{-10}\right) = \frac{2-9}{30} \cdot \left(-\frac{10}{7}\right)$$

$$= -\frac{7}{30} \left(-\frac{10}{7}\right) = \frac{\cancel{7}}{30} \cdot \frac{10}{\cancel{7}} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$11) \left(\frac{1}{4} - 1\right) \left(\frac{2}{3} - 1\right) : \left(1 - \frac{3}{8}\right) = \left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{4}{4}\right) \left(\frac{2}{3} - \frac{3}{3}\right) : \left(\frac{8}{8} - \frac{3}{8}\right)$$

$$= -\frac{3}{4} \left(-\frac{1}{3}\right) : \frac{5}{8} = \frac{\cancel{3}}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{\cancel{3}} \cdot \frac{8^2}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$12) \left(\frac{1}{21} - \frac{1}{6}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{3}{10} - \frac{4}{25}\right) = \frac{2-7}{42} \cdot \frac{15-8}{50}$$

$$= -\frac{\cancel{5}}{42} \cdot \frac{7}{\cancel{50}} = -\frac{1}{60}$$

$$13) -\left(\frac{1}{15} + \frac{1}{20}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{15}{14}\right) = \frac{4+3}{60} \cdot \frac{15}{14} = \frac{\cancel{7}}{60} \cdot \frac{15}{\cancel{14}} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$14) \left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{18} - \frac{1}{6}\right) : \left(\frac{-1}{-12}\right) = \frac{3+2-6}{36} \cdot \frac{12}{1}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{36} \cdot \frac{12}{1} = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 15) \quad & \frac{\frac{1}{7} - 4}{2 - \frac{7}{8}} \cdot \left(\frac{9}{16} - 1\right) = \left(\frac{1}{7} - 4\right) : \left(2 - \frac{7}{8}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{9}{16} - 1\right) \\
 & = \left(\frac{1}{7} - \frac{28}{7}\right) : \left(\frac{16}{8} - \frac{7}{8}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{9}{16} - \frac{16}{16}\right) \\
 & = -\frac{27}{7} : \frac{9}{8} \cdot \left(-\frac{7}{16}\right) = \frac{27}{7} \cdot \frac{8}{9} \cdot \frac{7}{16} = \frac{3}{2} = 1\frac{1}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 16) \quad & \left(\frac{1}{15} - \frac{1}{10} - \frac{1}{6}\right) : \left(\frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{14} - \frac{1}{35}\right) = \frac{2-3-5}{30} : \frac{7+5-2}{70} \\
 & = -\frac{6}{30} : \frac{10}{70} = -\frac{1}{5} : \frac{1}{7} = -\frac{1}{5} \cdot \frac{7}{7} = -\frac{7}{5} \\
 & = -1\frac{2}{5}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 17) \quad & \left(\frac{5}{18} + \frac{1}{24} - \frac{7}{36}\right) : \left(\frac{1}{6} - \frac{7}{8} - \frac{1}{12}\right) = \frac{20+3-14}{72} : \frac{4-21-2}{24} \\
 & = \frac{9}{72} : \left(-\frac{19}{24}\right) = -\frac{1}{8} \cdot \frac{24^3}{19} = -\frac{3}{19}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 18) \quad & \left(\frac{1}{21} - \frac{1}{14} + \frac{-1}{6}\right) : \left(\frac{1}{20} - \frac{1}{12} - \frac{1}{10}\right) = \frac{2-3-7}{42} : \frac{3-5-6}{60} \\
 & = -\frac{8}{42} : \left(-\frac{8}{60}\right) = \frac{8}{42} \cdot \frac{60}{8} = \frac{\cancel{8} \cdot 10}{\cancel{8} \cdot 7} = \frac{10}{7} \\
 & = 1\frac{3}{7}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$1) \frac{a}{3} - \frac{5b}{7} = \frac{7a - 15b}{21}$$

$$2) \frac{n}{6xa^2} + \frac{m}{8x^3a} = \frac{n \cdot 4x^2 + m \cdot 3a}{24x^3a^2} = \frac{4nx^2 + 3am}{24x^3a^2}$$

$$3) a + \frac{4x}{3m} = \frac{a}{1} + \frac{4x}{3m} = \frac{3am + 4x}{3m}$$

$$4) \frac{3t}{2a} - \frac{9at - p}{6a^2} = \frac{3t \cdot 3a - (9at - p)}{6a^2}$$

$$= \frac{9at - 9at + p}{6a^2} = \frac{p}{6a^2}$$

$$5) \left(\frac{5}{3} + \frac{a}{2m} \right) \cdot \frac{3am^2}{10m + 3a} = \frac{\cancel{10m + 3a}}{6m} \cdot \frac{3am^2}{\cancel{10m + 3a}}$$

$$= \frac{3am^2}{6m} = \frac{am}{2}$$

$$6) \left(\frac{x}{a^2b} - \frac{p}{3ab^2} \right) : \frac{3bx - pa}{3ab^2} = \frac{\cancel{3bx - pa}}{3a^2b^2} \cdot \frac{3ab^2}{\cancel{3bx - pa}}$$

$$= \frac{3ab^2}{3a^2b^2} = \frac{1}{a}$$

$$7) \left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{a}{b} \right) \cdot \frac{bx}{(b - ax)^3} = \frac{\cancel{b - ax}}{bx} \cdot \frac{\cancel{bx}}{(b - ax)^3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(b - ax)^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 8) \quad \left(1 - \frac{b-2a}{a+b}\right) : \frac{9a^2}{(a+b)^2} &= \left(\frac{a+b}{a+b} - \frac{b-2a}{a+b}\right) \cdot \frac{(a+b)^2}{9a^2} \\
 &= \frac{(a+b) - (b-2a)}{a+b} \cdot \frac{(a+b)^2}{9a^2} = \frac{a+b-b+2a}{a+b} \cdot \frac{(a+b)^2}{9a^2} \\
 &= \frac{3a}{a+b} \cdot \frac{(a+b)^2}{9a^2} = \frac{a+b}{3a} \quad \text{(17)}
 \end{aligned}$$

Aufg 11:

$$1) \quad \frac{a}{6} + \frac{b}{15} = \frac{5a + 4b}{30}$$

$$2) \quad \frac{3}{5x^2b^2a^3} - \frac{5}{7x^5ba^2} = \frac{3 \cdot 7x^3 - 5 \cdot 5ba}{35x^5b^2a^3} = \frac{21x^3 - 25ab}{35x^5b^2a^3}$$

$$3) \quad \frac{1}{6a^5x^2b^7y^3} + \frac{1}{15a^3x^4b^5y^3} = \frac{5x^2 + 2a^2b^2}{30a^5x^4b^7y^3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4) \quad \left(\frac{a}{5x^2} - \frac{2}{10x}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{a-x} &= \left(\frac{a}{5x^2} - \frac{1}{5x}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{a-x} \\
 &= \frac{\cancel{a-x}}{5x^2} \cdot \frac{1}{\cancel{a-x}} = \frac{1}{5x^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 5) \quad \frac{24a^5x^8y^2}{35m^7b^6z^3} : \frac{8a^6x^5y^2}{7m^7b^5z^4} &= \frac{\cancel{24}a^5x^8y^2}{\cancel{35}m^7b^6z^3} \cdot \frac{\cancel{7}m^7b^5z^4}{\cancel{8}a^6x^5y^2} \\
 &= \frac{3x^3z}{5ab}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$6) \left(\frac{x}{4a^3} + \frac{b}{8a} \right) : \frac{2x+a^2b}{4a^2} = \frac{\cancel{2x+a^2b}}{8a^3} \cdot \frac{4a^2}{\cancel{2x+a^2b}}$$

$$= \frac{4a^2}{8a^3} = \frac{1}{2a} \quad (78)$$

$$7) \left(\frac{4}{b(x-a)^2} - \frac{1}{b^3(x-a)} \right) \cdot \frac{b^3}{a+4b^2-x}$$

$$= \frac{4b^2 - (x-a)}{b^3(x-a)^2} \cdot \frac{b^3}{a+4b^2-x} = \frac{\cancel{4b^2-x+a}}{b^3(x-a)^2} \cdot \frac{\cancel{b^3}}{\cancel{a+4b^2-x}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(x-a)^2}$$

$$8) \left(\frac{b}{3m^2} - \frac{a}{5m} \right) \cdot \frac{5m^2}{(5b-3am)^2} = \frac{\cancel{5b-3am}}{15m^2} \cdot \frac{5m^2}{(5b-3am)^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3(5b-3am)} = \frac{1}{15b-9am}$$

$$9) \left(\frac{p}{5m} + \frac{b}{m} \right) \cdot \frac{m}{(p+5b)^3} = \frac{\cancel{p+5b}}{5m} \cdot \frac{m}{(p+5b)^3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{5(p+5b)^2}$$

$$10) \left(\frac{1}{3a^2b^5} + \frac{1}{6a^3b^2} \right) : \frac{2a+b^3}{3a^2b^3} = \frac{\cancel{2a+b^3}}{6a^3b^5} \cdot \frac{3a^2b^3}{\cancel{2a+b^3}}$$

$$= \frac{3a^2b^3}{6a^3b^5} = \frac{1}{2ab^2}$$

$$11) x + \frac{2b}{3xm^2} = \frac{x \cdot 3xm^2}{3xm^2} + \frac{2b}{3xm^2} = \frac{3x^2m^2 + 2b}{3xm^2}$$

$$12) \frac{1}{a} + \frac{2}{3a^2} = \frac{3a + 2}{3a^2}$$

$$13) \frac{x}{a^2b} - \frac{1}{ab^3} = \frac{b^2x - a}{a^2b^3}$$

$$14) \frac{ax^2}{b^3y} : \frac{a^2x}{y^2b} = \frac{ax^2}{b^3y} \cdot \frac{y^2b}{a^2x} = \frac{xy}{ab^2}$$

$$15) \frac{(x-a)z^2}{b(x-a)^2} : \frac{z}{ab(x-a)} = \frac{z^2}{b(x-a)} \cdot \frac{ab(x-a)}{z} = az$$

$$16) \frac{a}{x} - \frac{b-2x-x^2}{x} = \frac{a-(b-2x-x^2)}{x} = \frac{a-b+2x+x^2}{x}$$

$$17) \frac{2bc}{x^4y^5} : \frac{2c^2}{x^6y^3} = \frac{2bc}{x^4y^5} \cdot \frac{x^6y^3}{2c^2} = \frac{bx^2}{cy^2}$$

$$18) \frac{5x}{3ab^2} = \frac{z}{6a^3b^2mx} ; 6a^3b^2mx : 3ab^2 = 2a^2mx$$

$$\frac{5x}{3ab^2} = \frac{5x \cdot 2a^2mx}{3ab^2 \cdot 2a^2mx} = \frac{10a^2mx^2}{6a^3b^2mx}$$

$$19) \frac{3a}{5x(b-am)^2} = \frac{z}{5x^4(b-am)^3} ; 5x^4(b-am)^3 : 5x(b-am)^2 = x^3(b-am)$$

$$\frac{3a}{5x(b-am)^2} = \frac{3a \cdot x^3(b-am)}{5x(b-am)^2 \cdot x^3(b-am)} = \frac{3ax^3(b-am)}{5x^4(b-am)^3}$$