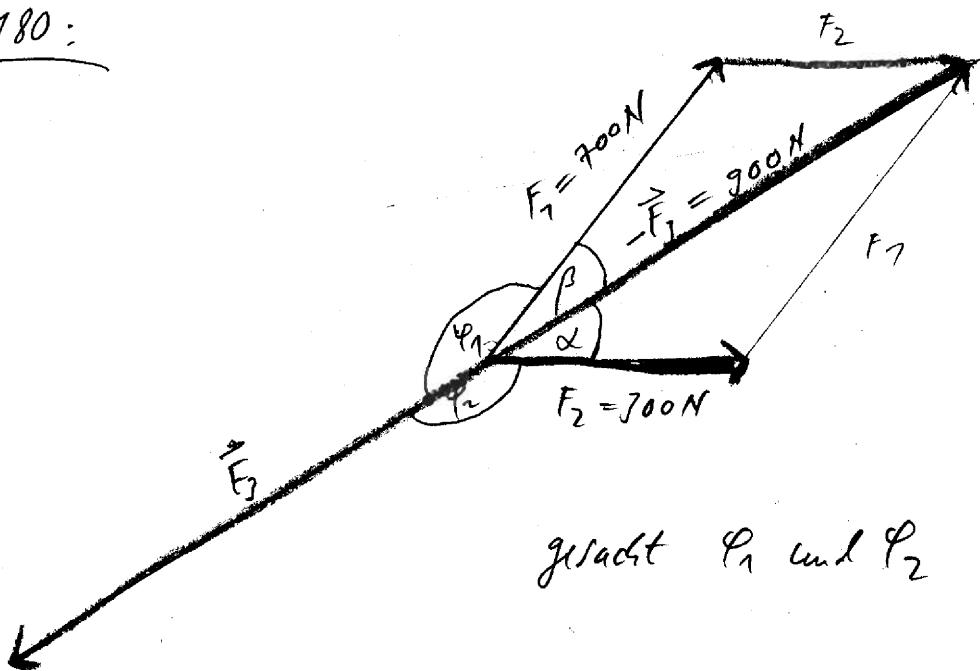


Lösungen (sin-/cos-Satz)

(7)

Afj 180:



gesucht φ_1 und φ_2

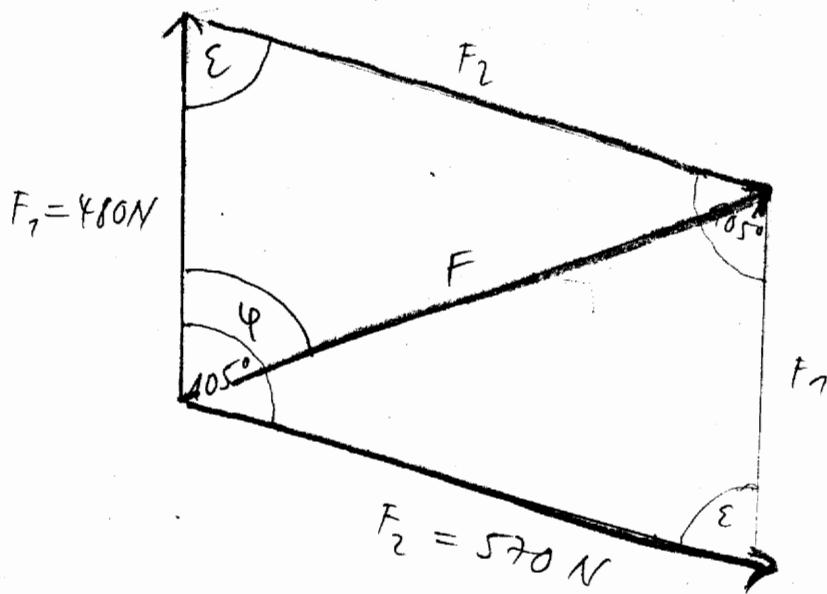
cos-Satz (sss)

$$F_1^2 = F_2^2 + F_3^2 - 2F_2 F_3 \cos \alpha \Rightarrow \alpha = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{F_2^2 + F_3^2 - F_1^2}{2F_2 F_3} \right) \\ = \cos^{-1}(0,76) = 40,6^\circ \\ \Rightarrow \varphi_2 = 180 - \alpha = \underline{139,4^\circ} = \chi(\vec{F}_2, \vec{F}_3)$$

$$F_2^2 = F_1^2 + F_3^2 - 2F_1 F_3 \cos \beta \Rightarrow \beta = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{F_1^2 + F_3^2 - F_2^2}{2F_1 F_3} \right) \\ = \cos^{-1}(0,96) = 16,2^\circ \\ \varphi_1 = 180 - \beta = \underline{163,8^\circ} = \chi(\vec{F}_1, \vec{F}_3)$$

Aufg 181

②



$$\varepsilon = \frac{360 - 2 \cdot 105}{2} = 180 - 105 = 75^\circ$$

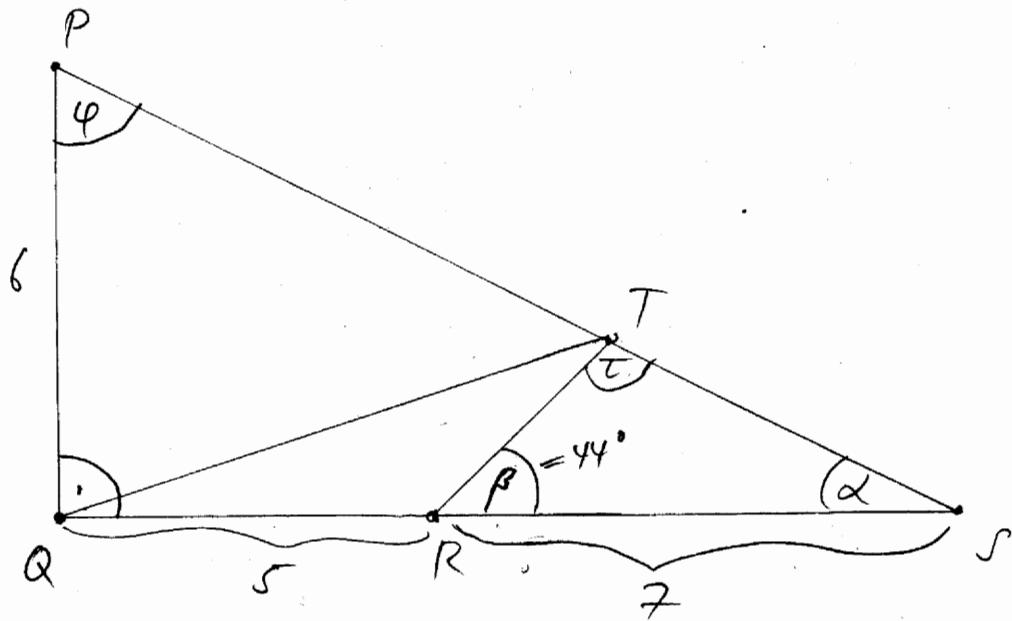
Cos-Satz (SWR) $F_1 \varepsilon F_2$

$$F^2 = F_1^2 + F_2^2 - 2 F_1 F_2 \cos \varepsilon = 413,674,22$$

$$\Rightarrow F = \underline{643,18 \text{ N}}$$

Sin-Satz (SSW) $F, F_2 \varepsilon$

$$\frac{\sin \varphi}{F_2} = \frac{\sin \varepsilon}{F} \Rightarrow \varphi = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{F_2 \sin \varepsilon}{F} \right) = 58,87^\circ$$



α und \overline{PS} berechnen:

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{6}{5+7} = \frac{6}{12} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \alpha = \underline{21,57^\circ}$$

$$\overline{PS}^2 = 6^2 + (5+7)^2 = 36 + 144 = 180 \quad (\text{Pythagoras})$$

$$\Rightarrow \overline{PS} = \sqrt{180} = 6\sqrt{5} = \underline{13,42 \text{ cm}}$$

\overline{ST} berechnen:

$$\tau = 180 - \alpha - \beta = 109,43^\circ$$

sin-Satz: (WSW) α, τ, β

$$\frac{\overline{ST}}{\sin \beta} = \frac{7}{\sin \tau} \Rightarrow \overline{ST} = \frac{7 \sin \beta}{\sin \tau} = \underline{5,18 \text{ cm}}$$

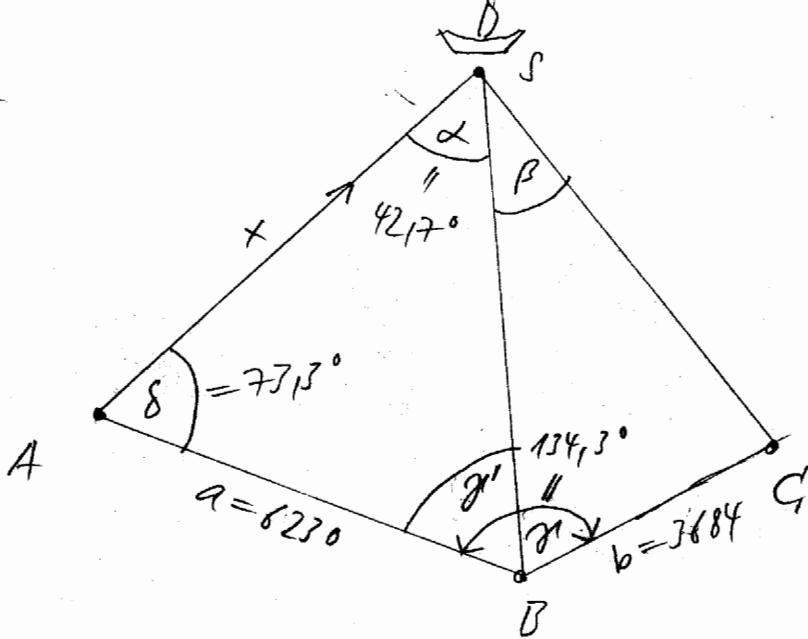
\overline{PT} berechnen: $\overline{PT} = \overline{PS} - \overline{ST} = \underline{8,26 \text{ cm}}$

\overline{QT} berechnen: $\varphi = 90 - \alpha = 68,43^\circ$

cos-Satz (WSW) $6, \varphi, PT$

$$\overline{QT}^2 = 6^2 + \overline{PT}^2 - 2 \cdot 6 \cdot \overline{PT} \cdot \cos \varphi = 59,89$$

$$\Rightarrow \overline{QT} = \underline{7,74 \text{ cm}}$$



a) x berechnen: $\gamma' = 180 - \alpha - \delta = \underline{64^\circ}$

sin-Satz (WWS) α, δ, a

$$\frac{x}{\sin \gamma'} = \frac{a}{\sin \alpha} \Rightarrow x = \frac{a \sin \gamma'}{\sin \alpha} = \underline{8257 \text{ m}}$$

b) β -Löschen

- zunächst \overline{BS} berechnen: sin-Satz (WWS)

$$\frac{\overline{BS}}{\sin \delta} = \frac{a}{\sin \alpha} \Rightarrow \overline{BS} = \frac{a \sin \delta}{\sin \alpha} = \underline{8800 \text{ m}}$$

- \overline{SC} Löschen: cos-Satz (SWS) $\overline{BS}, \pi - \gamma', b$

$$\pi - \gamma' = 134,3 - 64 = 70,3^\circ$$

$$\overline{SC}^2 = \overline{BS}^2 + b^2 - 2 \overline{BS} \cdot b \cdot \cos(\pi - \gamma') = 69.155.938,8$$

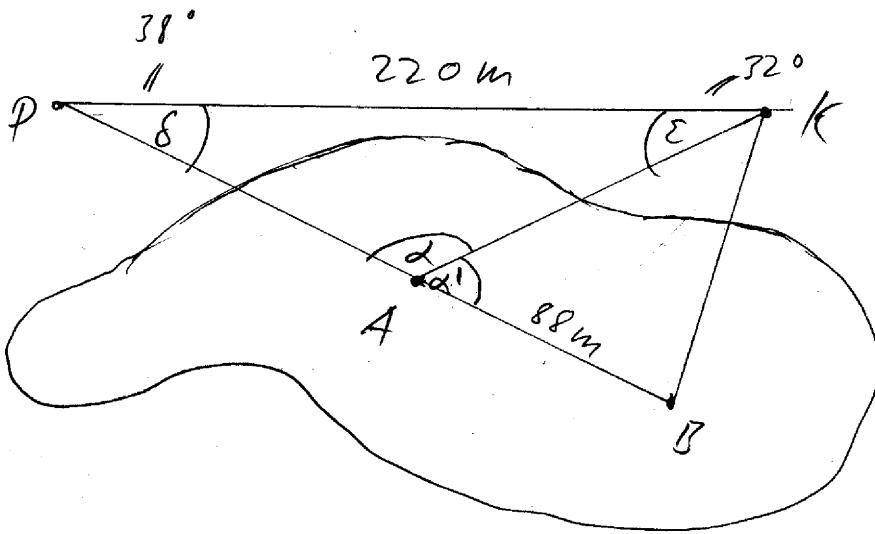
$$\Rightarrow \overline{SC} = 8316 \text{ m}$$

- sin-Satz (SSW - $b, \overline{SC}, \pi - \gamma'$)

$$\frac{\sin \beta}{b} = \frac{\sin(\pi - \gamma')}{\overline{SC}} \Rightarrow \beta = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{b \sin(\pi - \gamma')}{\overline{SC}} \right) = 24,65^\circ$$

Afj 783

(5)



\overline{KA} berechnen: $\alpha = 180 - \delta - \varepsilon = \underline{\underline{110^\circ}}$

sin-Satz (WSW) $\delta, \overline{PK}, \varepsilon$

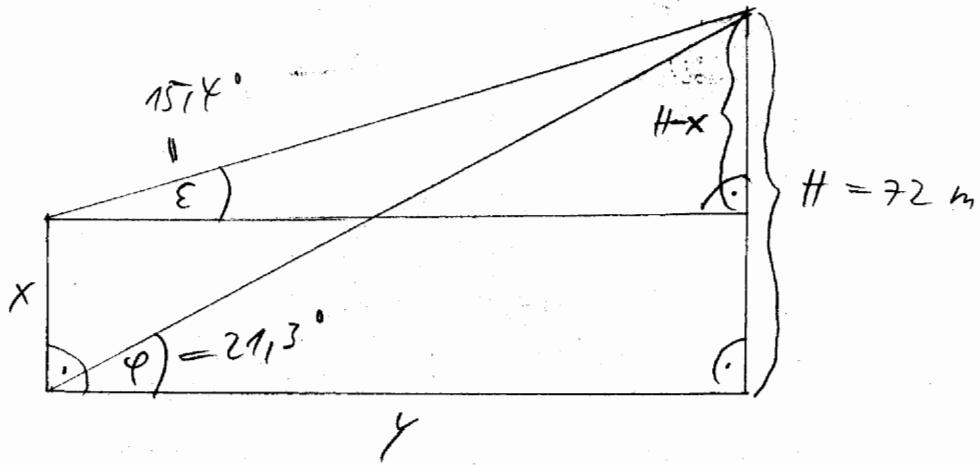
$$\frac{\overline{KA}}{\sin \delta} = \frac{\overline{PK}}{\sin \alpha} \Rightarrow \overline{KA} = \frac{\overline{PK} \sin \delta}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{144,7x}{\sin 110^\circ} \approx 144 \text{ m}$$

\overline{KB} berechnen: $\alpha' = 180 - \alpha = 70^\circ$

cos-Satz (SWS - $KA, \alpha', \overline{AB}$)

$$\overline{KB}^2 = \overline{AB}^2 + \overline{KA}^2 - 2 \cdot \overline{AB} \cdot \overline{KA} \cdot \cos \alpha' = 19.843,75$$

$$\Rightarrow \overline{KB} = \underline{\underline{140,87 \text{ m}}} \approx 141 \text{ m}$$



y Lendchen:

$$\tan \varphi = \frac{H}{y} \Rightarrow y = \frac{H}{\tan \varphi} = 184,67 \text{ m}$$

x Lendchen:

$$\tan \varepsilon = \frac{H-x}{y} \Rightarrow H-x = y \tan \varepsilon$$

$$\Rightarrow x = H - y \tan \varepsilon = H - \frac{H \tan \varepsilon}{\tan \varphi}$$

$$\boxed{x = H \left(1 - \frac{\tan \varepsilon}{\tan \varphi} \right)} = \underline{\underline{21,13 \text{ m}}}$$